

The Butler Weekly Times.

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NO. 19

CAUGHT BY THE GRIP-- RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.



La Grippe is Epidemic Catarrh.

It spares no class or nationality. The cultured and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—all are liable.

Grip is well named. The original French term, la grippe, has been shortened by the busy American to read "grip."

Without intending to do so, a new word has been coined that exactly describes the case. As if some hideous giant with awful grip had clutched us in its fatal clasp.

Men, women, children, whole towns and cities are caught in the baneful grip of a terrible monster.

Have you the grip? Or, rather, has the grip got you? If so, read the following letters.

These testimonials speak for themselves as to the efficacy of Peruna in cases of la grippe or its after-effects:

A Preventive For Colds and La Grippe.
Mrs. M. Woodruff, 2301 Central Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., writes:

"I cannot praise your remedy too highly. I first tried it after having la grippe and for the last two years I have used it as a preventive for cold and la grippe."

"As a tonic I also believe it to be excellent. I never fail to recommend Peruna to my friends, all of whom have used it with beneficial results."

A Relative of Abraham Lincoln.

Mr. Silas S. Lincoln, who resides at 918 I street, N. W., Washington, D. C., has the honor of being third cousin to Abraham Lincoln. He writes:

"I had la grippe five times before using your medicine. Four years ago I began the use of Peruna, since which time I have not been troubled with that disease."

"I can now do as much work at my desk as I ever could in my life. I have gained more than ten pounds in weight."

Entirely Relieved by Peruna.

Mrs. Jane Gift, Hubbardville, Ohio, writes:

"I think I would have been dead long ago if it had not been for Peruna. Six years ago I had la grippe very bad."

"The doctor came to see me every day, but I gradually grew worse. I told my husband I wanted to try Peruna. He went directly to the drug store and got a bottle of it."

"I could see improvement in a very short time and was soon able to do my own work. I continued using it until I was entirely cured."

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Grip Resulted in Catarrh.

Miss Alice Bielke, Treasurer Young Women's Society of the Lutheran Church, Monasha, Wis., writes:

"I gratefully acknowledge the good that Peruna did me after I had been sick with la grippe which left me in a very weak and emaciated condition, with catarrhal trouble of the head and ears."

"My mother suggested that I take it to build up my strength and rid myself of the troublesome catarrh, and it acted with wonderful speed."

"I was able to resume my work inside of two months and I am in splendid health now."

One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring a drug habit. Peruna does not produce temporary results,—it relieves permanently.

A Southern Judge Benefited.

Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes:

"Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grip which left me with systemic catarrh."

"A friend advised me to try your Peruna, which I did, and was immediately benefited. The third bottle completed the cure."

For Catarrh and La Grippe.

Mr. Edgar L. Benn, San Antonio, Tex., member of the Crescent Comedy Co., writes:

"I take pleasure in recommending Peruna for catarrh and the la grippe. Three bottles have fixed me up until I feel like a new man."

"In fact, it has become the standing remedy of our company, which has been bothered with sickness most all winter, until we got hold of your valuable remedy."

"You can always find a bottle in one of the members' rooms. We cheerfully recommend it to the public."

THE BATES NATIONAL BANK,

BUTLER, MISSOURI.

Capital \$50,000, Surplus, \$6,000.

Making the Farm Pay.

Keep the outgoes less than the incomes. Any dunc knows that? All right, but it takes a smart man to do it! If you do not believe it, try it.

And then, don't make a mistake about what it really means to make the farm pay. Some folks have wonderfully queer notions about that.

They think if they can get five or six thousand dollars in the bank, that there is all there is to it. They are quite apt to be mistaken. Do you know any poor rich men? We do. More of them than you can count. Takes more than money to make a farm pay.

How then shall we be sure that we are making the farm pay?

Do we have enough to eat three times a day? Are our children all well, strong and happy? Are we bringing them up so that they will love us when we are old, and do all we can to make the world happier by their having lived in it?

Do the horses, cows and other stock on the farm love us? Do we get some from down in the cellar, and some from up in the attic?

Do we have a good crop of corn, wheat, and other crops? Do we have a good crop of stock? Do we have a good crop of money?

Do we have a good crop of health?

Do we have a good crop of happiness?

Do we have a good crop of success?

Do we have a good crop of love?

Do we have a good crop of peace?

Do we have a good crop of joy?

Do we have a good crop of life?

Do we have a good crop of death?

Do we have a good crop of resurrection?

Do we have a good crop of glory?

Do we have a good crop of honor?

Do we have a good crop of power?

Do we have a good crop of wisdom?

time we come from the village? Is our life clean in every way?

Do our neighbors tell us their little troubles, and come over to sit up with us at night when we are not very well? Are we filling our place just the best we can, always and everywhere?

If these things are true, the farm pays, and pays big, whether there is a dollar in our pockets or not. But there will be. God has promised it, and he keeps his word.—Farm Journal.

Made \$60 on Six Ducks.

Clarence, Mo., March 5.—Mrs. F. W. Bergfeld, a farmer's wife living south of here, has demonstrated that poultry raising pays. In the last year she has cleared \$60 from six ducks, and has the original six left, selling only the increase and the leathers. The ducks are the Pekin variety.

A Lively Tussle

With that old enemy of the race on a rampage, often ends in appendicitis. To avoid all serious trouble with stomach, liver and bowels, take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are the best remedy for all these troubles. They are the best remedy for all these troubles. They are the best remedy for all these troubles.

A Prairie Fire in Kansas.

Junction City, Kas., March 5.—One of the worst prairie fires here in years swept over the Smoky Hill flats on the Fort Riley reservation last night and for a time threatened farm property that borders on the reservation. About 2,000 acres burned. Much of this area was covered with grass. The Kaw river and broken ground on the north kept the fire from the main part of the reservation. Nothing could be done to stop the fire as it was carried across the flats by a high south wind.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles

Itching, blind, bleeding, protruding piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZOINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

To Raise President's Salary.

Washington, March 5.—Senator Gallinger has introduced a bill to read just the salaries of general officers of the government, to take effect March 4, 1909. The bill proposes the following salaries:

The President, \$75,000; Vice President, \$15,000; speaker of the House of Representatives, \$12,000; members of the cabinet, \$15,000; senators and representatives, \$7,500.

Kansas Jury Hits Motorist.

Independence, Kas., March 5.—A jury, after a three days' trial, this morning at 2 o'clock handed in a sealed verdict awarding Mrs. J. T. Brook, wife of a farmer, \$5,000 damages for injuries in a runaway caused by an automobile driven by George and William Francis. The accident happened six miles from Cherokee. This was the third trial of the case. Mrs. Brook sued for \$15,000.

WAR DEPARTMENT

COMPLETES PLANS FOR CHINESE CRISIS.

Details All Arranged For Throwing 25,000 Into Celestial Empire if Necessity Arises.

MANILA IS NATURAL CASE.

Washington, March 6.—Details of the War Department's plans for protecting American lives and upholding American prestige in China became known.

In case of a necessity, which to military minds seems now imminent, it is the intention of the Government to dispatch 20,000 regulars from the United States to join a Philippine force of 5,000 men for an expedition to the Chinese Empire.

The troops for the Oriental service have been selected, the posts from which they will be taken are named in the plans, and the proper allotment has been made among the various branches of the service.

Not only has this been done by the officers who have been working out the invasion scheme, but they have perfected a plan for the distribution of the troops which will remain in the United States, so that they may be available for any necessity.

The question of transportation has been considered, the location and state of repairs of every Government boat are known and preparations have been made to call the Pacific Mail liners into the service.

The scheme of invasion, as at present contemplated, is with the view principally of a combination of the American forces with those of other foreign Powers, but a subsidiary arrangement made to meet the possibility that the United States will be forced to act alone contemplates a joint army and navy expedition to seize one of the greater coast towns in China.

In addition to the infantrymen at least three regiments of cavalry, dismounted, will join the expedition. To them will be added several light batteries now in this country, and the siege battery, Captain J. P. Hains, commanding, stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

The President is said to be considering three men to lead this force. They are Generals Arthur MacArthur, Leonard Wood and Franklin Bell. In army circles it is believed General Bell will be chosen.



THE OLD HOMESTEADS.

It is as natural for us to love the trees, the meadows, the old homesteads, as it is to want food and drink. Our ancestors built well when they erected those old mansions, the walls of which are in many cases as firm and good to-day as they were one hundred and fifty years ago. Our ancestors lived more simple lives than we do at the present day. They lived closer to nature. They lived in the sunshine and out of doors. As a rule they ate simple foods and easily digested them. To-day the American people eat fast, eat unwholesome foods and are shut up in dark and close offices, shops and ill ventilated rooms. Nature provides us with all we need for life if we only can take advantage of the good air, sunshine and eat good fruits and vegetables. Nature also provides the remedy for ill-health and stomach troubles in its roots, herbs and bark. Some forty years ago Dr. R. V. Pierce, now chief of staff to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., found that certain herbs, roots and bark, when made into a concentrated extract, helped in the assimilation of the food and purified the blood. This "Golden Medical Discovery" of Dr. Pierce makes pure rich blood. Every bottle bears the stamp of public approval.

When the druggist says he has something that is "just as good" as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, he says so because he hopes to make a better profit, but his own customers have not stood the test of long experience, nor had the success that Dr. Pierce's medicine have had.

FIELD SEEDS.

We have on hand a full line of choice field seeds, which we offer to the trade at very low prices. Choice flax seed, both northern and home grown, will be offered on contract—note or for cash. Extra nice seed oats, Red Texas and black. Choice timothy seed, clovers, white and red. Kentucky blue grass, millet and cane seed, kafir and seed corn, in fact we have every thing in this line that you will need. We ask you to inspect our stock and get our prices before purchasing.

15-11 CANNON-WEINER ELEV. CO.

To Mark Confederate

Graves in the North.

Washington, March 5.—The House passed the army appropriation bill, also the Foraker bill providing for the marking of the graves of the Confederate dead buried in the North.

The discussion developed a unanimous sentiment in favor of marking Confederate graves, and as the bill had, during the morning session of the Military Committee, received favorable action, it was brought in by Mr. Prince and passed unanimously amid applause on both sides of the house.

Points of order made to the provisions of the cable ship for the Atlantic Coast and for the ship for mine-planting on the Pacific Coast eliminated these provisions from the appropriation bill.

The alleged Powder Trust came in for a scoring in debate, and Democratic favor to have the Government begin the manufacture of its own powder consumed some time, but met defeat, but on points of order and finally by direct vote.

The army bill as passed carries something more than \$69,000,000.

Smith Gets Fourteen Years.

Monett, Mo., March 6.—The jury in the Smith case, which has been on trial at Cassville, went out and returned with a verdict of guilty, and assessed the defendant's punishment at fourteen years in the penitentiary at hard labor.

Smith's crime was a dastardly one. His victim is a deaf and dumb girl. She was accidentally carried by Pierce City, her destination, where her father was to meet her and take her to her home at Stotts City, and was put off the train at Richey, where she meant to catch a train back to Pierce City.

While at Richey she stepped into the drug store owned by Smith. Posing as a friend, Smith promised to assist the girl to her train and to accompany her home. Instead of taking her to Pierce City, he brought her on to Monett and registered at a hotel as man and wife under assumed names. He kept the girl with him until morning. As soon as she could she gave the alarm and Smith was arrested.

At his preliminary trial here Smith was bound over in the sum of \$6,000.

Leavenworth Officer Fought.

Leavenworth, Kan., March 5.—A fight between First Lieutenant C. H. Morrow, Eighteenth infantry, and L. Green, a negro porter in a barber shop on South Fourth street, attracted a crowd.

Lieutenant Morrow, in company with another officer, visited the Elks' club, when Green held their horses for about an hour. The negro was dissatisfied with his pay, and, the officer says, made insulting remarks. Lieutenant Morrow struck Green several blows with his fist, knocking him down. Green says that he will have the officer arrested for assault.

Why Denton Balked.

Judge Denton is quoted by the St. Louis Post-Dispatch as saying with regard to the Casey compromise:

"In view of the gravity of the crimes charged against Mr. Casey I did not feel that I could consistently take upon myself the responsibility of imposing a short penitentiary sentence," said the Judge. "Four indictments are pending here against Mr. Casey. The attorneys desired to have me fix a sentence of five years on each—that is, a concurrent sentence that would make the total punishment only five years."

"I did not feel that I had a right to take such power into my hands."

"If the prosecuting authorities had been anxious to extend clemency to Mr. Casey, it would have been an easy matter for them to have assumed the responsibility by entering a nolle pro on three of the four indictments pending. The sentence could have been imposed only on the remaining indictment."

"I have no feeling whatever in this matter. Surely I have none against Mr. Casey. I thought a trial of the charges against him was proper."

"As to any facts he might place the State in possession of in view of receiving only a five year sentence, I knew absolutely nothing. At any rate I felt there was no need to rush the matter."

To Be Useful in Politics.

New York, March 5.—"Associate with the great mass of American people if you wish to become useful in political life," is the advice given to the Yale Good Government club by Secretary Taft in a letter, which in part is as follows:

In many respects the college graduate has as much to learn from the working man and from the business man who has not received a college education as they have from him. It cannot but broaden his sympathies and make him know its needs with much more certainty if he associates with those who make up the large body of our American citizens. He will cease by such associations to assume the attitude of a dilettante closet critic and will understand the motives and the feelings of the great mass of American people.

Negro Brute is Hanged.

Shreveport, La., March 6.—Charles Coleman, who was convicted of the outrage and murder of Margaret Lear, 15, and who made a full confession, was hanged just before noon. There was an immense crowd about the jail, which was guarded by 100 militiamen.

A Tornado in Oklahoma.

Enid, Ok., March 2.—A storm resembling a small tornado was reported at Drummond, near Enid, about 6 o'clock last night. Several small buildings were blown down and many were unroofed, but no one was injured.